HEPATITIS B

Hepatitis B is a sexually transmitted disease (STD) caused by the hepatitis b virus. Infection can be spread by penile, vaginal, anal, and oral sex. Other ways hepatitis b is spread include: injecting drugs, sharing personal items with an infected persons such as razor,

toothbrush, with any other body fluids and mother to baby.

Symptoms

Short Term (acute illness)

- Loss of appetite
- Tiredness
- Muscular pain
- Yellow skin and eyes (Jaundice)
- Diarrhea and vomiting

How is it a Serious Disease?

- 1.) After the virus gets into your body it attacks your liver.
- Your liver's job is to help your body digest food. It also helps your body get rid of poisons.
- The Hepatitis B virus stops the liver from doing it's job. The virus can cause lifelong infection, scarring of the liver, liver cancer, liver failure, and death.

SE STD Clinic
DC General Health Campus, Bldg. #8
19th & Mass. Ave., SE
Washington, DC 20003
Clinic Hours: 8:15 a.m.-3:15 p.m. Monday –
Friday
202-698-4050

How is Hepatitis B treated?

There is no specific treatment for the short term illness. Some people remain infectious all their lives. However an effective three part vaccine is available.

Who should be vaccinated?

- Anyone in who has recently been treated for an STD.
- Anyone who has had more than one sex partner in the last six months.
- Injecting drug users.
- Sexually active homosexual & bisexual men.
- Health care workers.

How can I avoid getting Hepatitis B?

Get vaccinated. Condoms will only partially reduce your exposure to body fluids and risk of getting the virus.